

Application No. 09/928,619

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously Presented) A method for classifying a text object, comprising:

extracting a set of features from the text object; the set of features having a plurality of features;

constructing a document class fuzzy set with a plurality of ones of the set of features extracted from the text object; each of the ones of the features extracted from the text object having a degree of membership in the document class fuzzy set and a plurality of class fuzzy sets of a knowledge base;

measuring a degree of match between each of the plurality of class fuzzy sets and the document class fuzzy set; and

using the measured degree of match to assign the text object a label that satisfies a selected decision making rule;

wherein the document class fuzzy set is computed by:

calculating a frequency of occurrence for each feature in the set of features in the text object;

normalizing the frequency of occurrence of each feature in the set of features; and

transforming the normalized frequency of occurrence of each feature in the set of features to define the document class fuzzy set.

2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising learning each class fuzzy set in the knowledge base.

3. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein each class fuzzy set is learned by:

obtaining a set of class training documents;

merging those training documents in the set of training documents with similar labels to create a class document; and

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computing a class fuzzy set using the class document.

4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the set of features is extracted from the text object by:

tokenizing the document to generate a word list;

parsing the word list to generate the set of grammar based features; and

filtering the set of grammar based features to reduce the number of features in the set of grammar based features to define the ones of the set of features extracted from the text object used to construct the document class fuzzy set.

5. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the document fuzzy set is computed by: filtering the set of features to reduce the number of features in the set of features to define the ones of the set of features extracted from the text object used to construct the document class fuzzy set.

6. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the normalized frequency of occurrence of each feature in the set of features is transformed using a bijective transformation.

7. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the degree of match between each of the plurality of class fuzzy sets and the document class fuzzy set is measured using one of a maximum-minimum strategy and a probabilistic reasoning strategy based upon semantic unification.

8. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

filtering each degree of match with an associated class specific filter function to define an activation value for its associated class rule;

identifying the activation value of the class rule with the highest activation value; each class rule having an associated class label; and

assigning the class label of the class rule with the highest identified activation value to classify the text object into one of the plurality of class fuzzy sets.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, further comprising learning each associated class specific filter function.

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10. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the decision making rule is used to identify one of a maximum value, a threshold value, and a predefined number.

11. (Previously Presented) A method for classifying a text object, comprising:
extracting a set of granule features from the text object; each granule feature being represented by a plurality of fuzzy sets and associated labels;

constructing a document granule feature fuzzy set using a plurality of ones of the granule features extracted from the text object; each of the ones of the granule features extracted from the text object having a degree of membership in a corresponding granule feature fuzzy set of the document granule feature fuzzy set and a plurality of class granule feature fuzzy sets of a knowledge base;

computing a degree of match between each of the plurality of class granule feature fuzzy sets and the document granule feature fuzzy set to provide a degree of match for each of the ones of the granule features;

aggregating each degree of match of the ones of the granule features to define an overall degree of match for each feature; and

using the overall degree of match for each feature to assign the text object a class label that satisfies a selected decision making rule.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 11, further comprising filtering the granule features extracted from the text object to define the ones of the granule features used to construct the document granule feature fuzzy set.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the filtering of the granule features is based upon one of Zipf's law and semantic discrimination analysis.

14. (Canceled)

15. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein the ones of the granule features that are used to construct the document granule feature fuzzy set are reduced to one of a predefined threshold number of granule features and range of granule features.

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16. (Original) The method according to claim 11, further comprising learning each granule fuzzy set in the knowledge base.

17. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein the degree of match between each of the plurality of class granule feature fuzzy sets and the document granule feature fuzzy set is measured using one of a maximum-minimum strategy and a probabilistic reasoning strategy based upon semantic unification.

18. (Original) The method according to claim 11, further comprising:

filtering each degree of match with an associated class specific filter function to define an activation value for its associated class rule;

identifying the activation value of the class rule with the highest activation value; each class rule having an associated class label; and

assigning the class label of the class rule with the highest identified activation value to classify the text object into one of the plurality of class granule feature fuzzy sets.

19. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, further comprising learning each associated class specific filter function by

initializing a granule frequency distribution for each class label; and

converting the granule frequency distribution for each class label into a granule fuzzy set.

20. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein individual degrees of matches are aggregated using one of a product and an additive model.

21. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, further comprising estimating granule feature weights when they are aggregated as a weighted function using an additive model.

22. (Previously Presented) A text categorizer for classifying a text object, comprising:

a knowledge base for storing categories represented by class fuzzy sets and associated class labels;

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a pre-processing module for representing a plurality of extracted features from the text object as a document class fuzzy set; and

an approximate reasoning module for using a measured degree of match between the class fuzzy sets in the knowledge base and the document class fuzzy set to assign to the text object the associated class labels of those categories that satisfy a selected decision making rule;

wherein the pre-processing module further comprises a fuzzy set generator for:

calculating a frequency of occurrence for the plurality of features extracted from the text object;

normalizing the frequency of occurrence of each feature of the plurality of features extracted from the text object; and

transforming the normalized frequency of occurrence of each of the plurality of features extracted from the text object to define the document class fuzzy set.

23-24. (Canceled)

25. (Previously Presented) The text categorizer of claim 22, further comprising a learning module for learning the class fuzzy sets.

26. (Original) The text categorizer of claim 25, further comprising:

a training database for creating a plurality of class documents; and

a validation database for validating learned class fuzzy sets in the knowledge base.

27. (Previously Presented) The text categorizer of claim 25, wherein the learning module learns the class fuzzy sets are learned by:

obtaining a set of class training documents;

merging those training documents in the set of training documents with similar labels to create a class document; and

computing a class fuzzy set using the class document

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28. (Previously Presented) A text categorizer for classifying a text object, comprising:

a feature extractor for extracting a set of granule features from the text object; each granule feature being represented by a plurality of fuzzy sets and associated labels;

a fuzzy set generator for constructing a document granule feature fuzzy set using a plurality of ones of the granule features extracted from the text object; each of the ones of the granule features extracted from the text object having a degree of membership in a corresponding granule feature fuzzy set of the document granule feature fuzzy set and a plurality of class granule feature fuzzy sets of a knowledge base; and

an approximate reasoning module for:

computing a degree of match between each of the plurality of class granule feature fuzzy sets and the document granule feature fuzzy set to provide a degree of match for each of the ones of the granule features;

aggregating each degree of match of the ones of the granule features to define an overall degree of match for each feature; and

using the overall degree of match for each feature to assign the text object a class label that satisfies a selected decision making rule.

29. (Currently Amended) The text categorizer according to claim 28, further comprising a learning module for learning each associated class specific filter function by:

initializing a granule frequency distribution for each class label; and

converting the granule frequency distribution for each class label into a granule fuzzy set.